
International Standard



6687

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Machinery for forestry — Winches — Performance requirements

Matériel forestier — Treuils — Exigences de performance

First edition — 1982-11-15

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 6687:1982

UDC 621.864 : 634.0.36

Ref. No. ISO 6687-1982 (E)

Descriptors : agricultural machinery, harvest equipment, forestry equipment, winches, definitions, dimensions, specifications.

Price based on 3 pages

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 6687 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 23, *Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry*, and was circulated to the member bodies in June 1981.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

Australia	India	Norway
Belgium	Iraq	Romania
Bulgaria	Israel	South Africa, Rep. of
Canada	Italy	Spain
China	Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	Sweden
Denmark	Korea, Rep. of	Switzerland
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Mexico	United Kingdom
Finland	Netherlands	USSR
France	New Zealand	

The member bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

Austria
Germany, F.R.
USA

Machinery for forestry — Winches — Performance requirements

1 Scope and field of application

This International Standard specifies a uniform method of defining specification definitions, drum storage capacity, line pull and line speed for winches used in tree harvesting machines.

2 Definitions (see figure and table 1)

2.1 barrel diameter, A : Diameter of the cable drum barrel measured in millimetres.

2.2 flange diameter, B : Diameter of the cable drum flanges measured in millimetres.

2.3 distance between flanges, C : Distance measured between the flanges of the cable drum in millimetres, measured at $1/2 \times (\text{depth of flange} - \text{safety distance})$.

$$\frac{D - S}{2}$$

2.4 depth of flange, D : Radial distance from the outside diameter of the cable drum flange to the surface on the cable drum barrel measured in millimetres.

2.5 safety distance, S : Outmost periphery of the flange that shall be left free from cable. It shall be equal to two cable diameters, $S = 2d$.

2.6 throat clearance, E : Minimum distance from the barrel of the cable drum to the winch housing at any point located between the flanges of the cable drum.

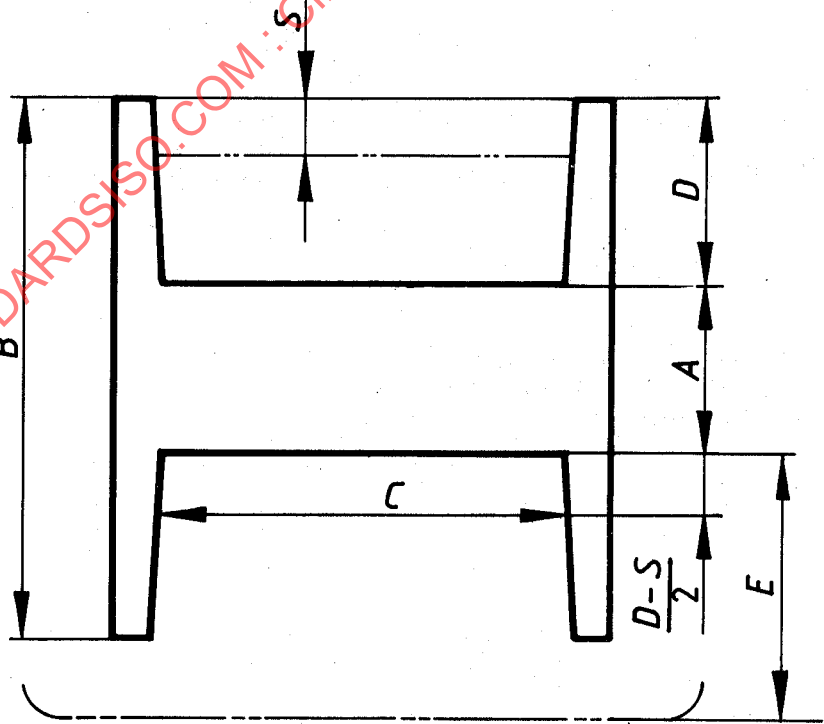
$$E > D$$

3 Performance requirements

3.1 Symbols and units (see the figure)

Table 1 — Symbols and units

Symbol	Definition	Unit
<i>A</i>	Barrel diameter	mm
<i>B</i>	Flange diameter	mm
<i>C</i>	Distance between flanges	mm
<i>D</i>	Depth of flange	mm
<i>E</i>	Throat clearance	mm
<i>L</i>	Cable length	m
<i>S</i>	Safety distance	mm
<i>d</i>	Cable diameter	mm
<i>F</i>	Line pull	N
<i>n</i>	Rotational frequency of input shaft	r/s
<i>T</i>	Torque on winch input shaft	N·m
<i>R</i>	Total gear reduction between the winch input shaft and the cable drum	
<i>u</i>	Efficiency of total gear reduction between input shaft and cable drum at the speed corresponding to the torque used for <i>T</i>	
<i>v</i>	Line speed	m/s



NOTE — This sketch of the winch is only indicative and does not relate to a specific winch.

Figure — Basic dimensions of winches