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**Rubber hoses and hose assemblies —  
Rubber-covered spiral-wire-  
reinforced hydraulic types for  
oil-based or water-based fluids —  
Specification**

*Tuyaux et flexibles en caoutchouc — Types hydrauliques avec  
armature hélicoïdale de fils métalliques pour fluides à base d'huile ou  
à base d'eau — Spécifications*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 45, *Rubber and rubber products*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 3862:2009), of which it constitutes a minor revision. The following changes have been made:

- ISO 4672:1997 has been updated to ISO 10619-2:2011 in [Clause 2](#) and in [7.6](#);
- a requirement to provide the maximum working pressure in bar has been added in [8.1](#) and [8.2](#).

# Rubber hoses and hose assemblies — Rubber-covered spiral-wire-reinforced hydraulic types for oil-based or water-based fluids — Specification

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for five types of spiral-wire-reinforced hydraulic hose and hose assembly of nominal size from 6,3 to 51. They are suitable for use with water-based hydraulic fluids HFC, HFAE, HFAS and HFB as defined in ISO 6743-4 at temperatures ranging from  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and oil-based hydraulic fluids HH, HL, HM, HR and HV as defined in ISO 6743-4 at temperatures ranging from  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  for types 4SP and 4SH and  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+120\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  for types R12, R13 and R15.

NOTE 1 This temperature rating is related to the water-based hydraulic fluids defined in ISO 6743-4.

This International Standard does not include requirements for end fittings. It is limited to requirements for hoses and hose assemblies.

NOTE 2 It is the responsibility of the user, in consultation with the hose manufacturer, to establish the compatibility of the hose with the fluid to be used.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1307, *Rubber and plastics hoses — Hose sizes, minimum and maximum inside diameters, and tolerances on cut-to-length hoses*

ISO 1402, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydrostatic testing*

ISO 1817, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of the effect of liquids*

ISO 4671, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Methods of measurement of the dimensions of hoses and the lengths of hose assemblies*

ISO 6605, *Hydraulic fluid power — Hoses and hose assemblies — Test methods*

ISO 6743-4, *Lubricants, industrial oils and related products (class L) — Classification — Part 4: Family H (Hydraulic systems)*

ISO 6803, *Rubber or plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydraulic-pressure impulse test without flexing*

ISO 7326:2006, *Rubber and plastics hoses — Assessment of ozone resistance under static conditions*

ISO 8033:2006, *Rubber and plastics hoses — Determination of adhesion between components*

ISO 8330, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Vocabulary*

ISO 10619-2:2011, *Rubber and plastics hoses and tubing — Measurement of flexibility and stiffness — Part 2: Bending tests at sub-ambient temperatures*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8330 apply.

## 4 Classification

Five types of hose are specified, distinguished by their construction, working pressure and oil resistance:

- Type 4SP: medium-pressure hoses with four plies of steel wire spiral.
- Type 4SH: high-pressure hoses with four plies of steel wire spiral.
- Type R12: heavy-duty high-temperature hoses with a medium-pressure rating having four plies of steel wire spiral.
- Type R13: heavy-duty high-temperature hoses with a high-pressure rating having a multiple-steel-wire spiral.
- Type R15: heavy-duty high-temperature hoses with an extra-high-pressure rating having a multiple-steel-wire spiral.

## 5 Materials and construction

### 5.1 Hoses

Hoses shall consist of a rubber lining resistant to oil- or water-based hydraulic fluids, spiral plies of steel wire wrapped in alternating directions, and an oil- and weather-resistant rubber cover. Each spiral wire ply shall be separated by an insulating layer.

### 5.2 Hose assemblies

Hose assemblies shall be manufactured using hoses conforming to the requirements of this International Standard.

Hose assemblies shall be manufactured only with those hose fittings whose correct functioning has been verified in accordance with [7.2](#), [7.4](#), [7.5](#) and [7.6](#) of this International Standard. The manufacturer's instructions shall be followed for the preparation and fabrication of hose assemblies.

## 6 Dimensions

### 6.1 Hose diameters and hose concentricity

When measured in accordance with ISO 4671, the inside diameter of hoses shall conform to the values given in [Table 1](#).

When measured in accordance with ISO 4671, the diameter over reinforcement and outside diameter of hoses shall conform to the values given in [Table 2](#).

When measured in accordance with ISO 4671, the concentricity of hoses shall conform to the values given in [Table 3](#).

Table 1 — Inside diameters of hoses

Nominal size	Inside diameter									
	mm									
	Type 4SP		Type 4SH		Type R12		Type R13		Type R15	
	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.
6,3	6,2	7,0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10	9,3	10,1	—	—	9,3	10,1	—	—	9,3	10,1
12,5	12,3	13,5	—	—	12,3	13,5	—	—	12,3	13,5
16	15,5	16,7	—	—	15,5	16,7	—	—	—	—
19	18,6	19,8	18,6	19,8	18,6	19,8	18,6	19,8	18,6	19,8
25	25,0	26,4	25,0	26,4	25,0	26,4	25,0	26,4	25,0	26,4
31,5	31,4	33,0	31,4	33,0	31,4	33,0	31,4	33,0	31,4	33,0
38	37,7	39,3	37,7	39,3	37,7	39,3	37,7	39,3	37,7	39,3
51	50,4	52,0	50,4	52,0	50,4	52,0	50,4	52,0	—	—

Table 2 — Diameter over reinforcement and outside diameter

Nominal size <sup>a</sup>	Type 4SP				Type 4SH				Type R12				Type R13				Type R15			
	Diameter over outside reinforcement		Outside diameter of hose		Diameter over outside reinforcement		Outside diameter of hose		Diameter over outside reinforcement		Outside diameter of hose		Diameter over outside reinforcement		Outside diameter of hose		Diameter over outside reinforcement		Outside diameter of hose	
	mm		mm		mm		mm		mm		mm		mm		mm		mm		mm	
	min.	max.	min.	max.																
6,3	14,1	15,3	17,1	18,7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
10	16,9	18,1	20,6	22,2	—	—	—	—	16,6	17,8	19,5	21,0	—	—	—	—	—	20,3	—	23,3
12,5	19,4	21,0	23,8	25,4	—	—	—	—	19,9	21,5	23,0	24,6	—	—	—	—	—	24,0	—	26,8
16	23,0	24,6	27,4	29,0	—	—	—	—	23,8	25,4	26,6	28,2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
19	27,4	29,0	31,4	33,0	27,6	29,2	31,4	33,0	26,9	28,7	29,9	31,7	28,2	29,8	31,0	33,2	—	32,9	—	36,1
25	34,5	36,1	38,5	40,9	34,4	36,0	37,5	39,9	34,1	36,0	36,8	39,4	34,9	36,4	37,6	39,8	—	38,9	—	42,9
31,5	45,0	47,0	49,2	52,4	40,9	42,9	43,9	47,1	42,7	45,1	45,4	48,6	45,6	48,0	48,3	51,3	—	48,4	—	51,5
38	51,4	53,4	55,6	58,8	47,8	49,8	51,9	55,1	49,2	51,6	51,9	55,0	53,1	55,5	55,8	58,8	—	56,3	—	59,6
51	64,3	66,3	68,2	71,4	62,2	64,2	66,5	69,7	62,5	64,8	65,1	68,3	66,9	69,3	69,5	72,7	—	—	—	—

<sup>a</sup> The nominal sizes correspond to those given in ISO 1307.

Table 3 — Concentricity of hoses

Nominal size	Maximum variation in wall thickness	
	mm	
	Between inside diameter and outside diameter	Between inside diameter and reinforcement outside diameter
6,3	0,8	0,5
Over 6,3 and up to and including 19	1,0	0,7
Over 19	1,3	0,9

## 6.2 Length

The length of supplied hoses and hose assemblies shall be the subject of agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

NOTE Recommendations for supplied lengths of hoses and hose assemblies are given in [Annex C](#).

## 7 Performance requirements

### 7.1 General

The requirements for type and routine testing are given in [Annex A](#) and recommendations for production acceptance testing in [Annex B](#).

### 7.2 Hydrostatic requirements

**7.2.1** When tested in accordance with ISO 1402 or ISO 6605 at the relevant proof pressure given in [Table 4](#) and the relevant minimum burst pressure given in [Table 5](#), the hoses and hose assemblies shall not leak.

**7.2.2** When determined in accordance with ISO 1402 or ISO 6605, the change in length of hoses at the maximum working pressure (see [Table 6](#)) shall not exceed +2 % or -4 % for types 4SP and 4SH, or +2 % or -2 % for types R12, R13 and R15.

**Table 4 — Proof pressure**

Nominal size	Type				
	4SP	4SH	R12	R13	R15
	MPa (bar)				
6,3	90,0 (900)	—	—	—	—
10	89,0 (890)	—	56,0 (560)	—	84,0 (840)
12,5	83,0 (830)	—	56,0 (560)	—	84,0 (840)
16	70,0 (700)	—	56,0 (560)	—	—
19	70,0 (700)	84,0 (840)	56,0 (560)	70,0 (700)	84,0 (840)
25	56,0 (560)	76,0 (760)	56,0 (560)	70,0 (700)	84,0 (840)
31,5	42,0 (420)	65,0 (650)	42,0 (420)	70,0 (700)	84,0 (840)
38	37,0 (370)	58,0 (580)	35,0 (350)	70,0 (700)	84,0 (840)
51	33,0 (330)	50,0 (500)	35,0 (350)	70,0 (700)	—

Table 5 — Minimum burst pressure

Nominal size	Type				
	4SP	4SH	R12	R13	R15
	MPa (bar)				
6,3	180,0 (1 800)	—	—	—	—
10	178,0 (1 780)	—	112,0 (1 120)	—	168,0 (1 680)
12,5	166,0 (1 660)	—	112,0 (1 120)	—	168,0 (1 680)
16	140,0 (1 400)	—	112,0 (1 120)	—	—
19	140,0 (1 400)	168,0 (1 680)	112,0 (1 120)	140,0 (1 400)	168,0 (1 680)
25	112,0 (1 120)	152,0 (1 520)	112,0 (1 120)	140,0 (1 400)	168,0 (1 680)
31,5	84,0 (840)	130,0 (1 300)	84,0 (840)	140,0 (1 400)	168,0 (1 680)
38	74,0 (740)	116,0 (1 160)	70,0 (700)	140,0 (1 400)	168,0 (1 680)
51	66,0 (660)	100,0 (1 000)	70,0 (700)	140,0 (1 400)	—

Table 6 — Maximum working pressure

Nominal size	Type				
	4SP	4SH	R12	R13	R15
	MPa (bar)				
6,3	45,0 (450)	—	—	—	—
10	44,5 (445)	—	28,0 (280)	—	42,0 (420)
12,5	41,5 (415)	—	28,0 (280)	—	42,0 (420)
16	35,0 (350)	—	28,0 (280)	—	—
19	35,0 (350)	42,0 (420)	28,0 (280)	35,0 (350)	42,0 (420)
25	28,0 (280)	38,0 (380)	28,0 (280)	35,0 (350)	42,0 (420)
31,5	21,0 (210)	32,5 (325)	21,0 (210)	35,0 (350)	42,0 (420)
38	18,5 (185)	29,0 (290)	17,5 (175)	35,0 (350)	42,0 (420)
51	16,5 (165)	25,0 (250)	17,5 (175)	35,0 (350)	—

### 7.3 Minimum bend radius

Use a test piece having a length at least four times the minimum bend radius.

When bent to the minimum bend radius given in [Table 7](#), measured on the inside of the bend, the hose shall conform, in the bent state, to the impulse and cold flexibility requirements of [7.4](#) and [7.6](#).

Table 7 — Minimum bend radius

Nominal size	Minimum bend radius				
	mm				
	Type 4SP	Type 4SH	Type R12	Type R13	Type R15
6,3	150	—	—	—	—
10	180	—	130	—	150
12,5	230	—	180	—	200
16	250	—	200	—	—
19	300	280	240	240	265
25	340	340	300	300	330
31,5	460	460	420	420	445
38	560	560	500	500	530
51	660	700	630	630	—

## 7.4 Resistance to impulse

### 7.4.1 Resistance to impulse with oil-based fluids

The impulse test shall be in accordance with ISO 6803 or ISO 6605. The test fluid temperature for type 4SP and 4SH hoses shall be 100 °C. The test fluid temperature for type R12, R13 and R15 hoses shall be 120 °C.

For type 4SP and 4SH hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 400 000 impulse cycles.

For type R12 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 500 000 impulse cycles.

For type R13 and R15 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 120 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 500 000 impulse cycles.

There shall be no leakage or other evidence of failure before reaching the specified number of cycles.

This test shall be considered a destructive test, and the test piece shall be discarded after the test.

### 7.4.2 Resistance to impulse with water-based fluids

The impulse test shall be in accordance with ISO 6803 or ISO 6605. The test fluid temperature shall be 60 °C. The test fluid used shall be HFC, HFAE, HFAS or HFB as defined in ISO 6743-4.

For type 4SP and 4SH hoses, when tested at a pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 400 000 impulse cycles.

For type R12 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 500 000 impulse cycles.

For type R13 and R15 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 120 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 500 000 impulse cycles.

There shall be no leakage or other evidence of failure before reaching the specified number of cycles.

This test shall be considered a destructive test, and the test piece shall be discarded after the test.

### 7.4.3 Optional impulse test

The following test may be used to maximize test efficiency and to qualify hoses for both fluids:

- a) oven-age assemblies filled with one of the water-based fluids specified in 7.4.2 for 120 h at 60 °C;
- b) impulse-test the aged assemblies using an oil-based hydraulic fluid as specified in ISO 6803 or ISO 6605 and the test conditions specified in ISO 6803 or ISO 6605.

For type 4SP and 4SH hoses, when tested at a pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure and a temperature of 100 °C, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 400 000 impulse cycles.

For type R12 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure and a temperature of 120 °C, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 500 000 impulse cycles.

For type R13 and R15 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 120 % of the maximum working pressure and a temperature of 120 °C, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 500 000 impulse cycles.

There shall be no leakage or other evidence of failure before reaching the specified number of cycles.

This test shall be considered a destructive test, and the test piece shall be discarded after the test.

### 7.5 Leakage of hose assemblies

When tested in accordance with ISO 1402 or ISO 6605, there shall be no leakage or other evidence of failure. This test shall be considered a destructive test, and the test piece shall be discarded after the test.

### 7.6 Cold flexibility

When tested in accordance with method B of ISO 10619-2:2011, Clause 5 at a temperature of -40 °C, there shall be no cracking of the lining or cover. The test piece shall not leak or crack when subjected to a proof pressure test in accordance with ISO 1402 or ISO 6605 after regaining ambient temperature.

### 7.7 Adhesion between components

When determined in accordance with ISO 8033, the adhesion between lining and reinforcement and between cover and reinforcement shall be no less than 2,5 kN/m for type 4SP and 4SH hoses and no less than 1,4 kN/m for type R12, R13 and R15 hoses.

Test pieces shall be type 5 for lining and reinforcement and type 2 or type 6 for cover and reinforcement as described in ISO 8033:2006, 5.1 and 5.3.

### 7.8 Fluid resistance

#### 7.8.1 General

The fluid resistance tests shall be carried out on moulded sheets of lining and cover compound having a minimum thickness of 2 mm and of cure state equivalent to that of the hose.

#### 7.8.2 Oil resistance

When determined in accordance with ISO 1817 by immersion in IRM 903 oil for 168 h at a temperature of 100 °C, the percentage change in volume of the lining of type 4SP and type 4SH hoses shall be between 0 % and +60 % (i.e. shrinkage is not permissible).

When determined in accordance with ISO 1817 by immersion in IRM 903 oil for 168 h at a temperature of 70 °C, the percentage change in volume of the cover of type 4SP and type 4SH hoses shall be between 0 % and +100 % (i.e. shrinkage is not permissible).

When determined in accordance with ISO 1817 by immersion in IRM 903 oil for 168 h at a temperature of 121 °C, the percentage change in volume of type R12, R13 and R15 hoses shall be between 0 % and +100 % for the lining and between 0 % and +125 % for the cover (i.e. shrinkage is not permissible).

### **7.8.3 Water resistance**

For all types of hose, when tested in accordance with ISO 1817 by immersion in distilled water for 168 h at a temperature of 60 °C, the percentage change in volume of the lining shall be between 0 % and +30 % (i.e. shrinkage is not permissible).

### **7.9 Ozone resistance**

When tested in accordance with method 1 or 2 of ISO 7326:2006, 8.1 and 8.2 (respectively), depending on the nominal bore of the hose, no cracking or other deterioration of the cover shall be visible under × 2 magnification.

### **7.10 Visual examination**

Hoses shall be examined for visible defects in the outer cover and to verify that the hose identification is correct and has been properly marked. Hose assemblies shall, in addition, be inspected to verify that the correct fittings are fitted.

## **8 Marking**

### **8.1 Hoses**

Hoses meeting the requirements of this International Standard shall be marked at least once every 760 mm with at least the following information:

- a) the manufacturer's name or identification, e.g. MAN;
- b) a reference to this International Standard, i.e. ISO 3862:2015;
- c) the type, e.g. 4SP;
- d) the nominal size, e.g. 10;
- e) the maximum working pressure, in megapascals and bar, with the unit indicated, e.g. 44,5 MPa (445 bar);
- f) the quarter and the last two digits of the year of manufacture, e.g. 2Q15 (other date-coding methods indicating, for instance, the month or day of manufacture are allowed as long as they are clear to the user).

EXAMPLE MAN/ISO 3862:2015/4SP/10/44,5 MPa (445 bar)/2Q15

### **8.2 Hose assemblies**

Hose assemblies meeting the requirements of this International Standard shall be marked with at least the following information:

- a) the manufacturer's name or identification, e.g. MAN;
- b) the maximum working pressure of the assembly, in megapascals and bar, with the unit indicated, e.g. 44,5 MPa (445 bar);

NOTE The maximum working pressure of a hose assembly is equal to the maximum working pressure of the component having the lowest maximum working pressure.

- c) two digits indicating the month of assembly followed by a slash and the last two digits of the year of assembly, e.g. 02/15 (monthly, daily and other code dating methods are allowed as long as they are clear to the user).

EXAMPLE      MAN/44,5 MPa (445 bar)/02/15

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## Annex A (normative)

### Type and routine testing of production hoses

**Table A.1 — Type and routine testing of production hoses**

Property	Type tests Frequency (for each hose type and size): at initial product qualification, in the event of product changes after initial qualification and after 5 years	Routine tests Performed on each length of finished hose prior to warehousing or sale
<b>Dimensions</b>		
Measurement of inside diameter	X	X
Measurement of outside diameter	X	X
Measurement of concentricity	X	N/A
<b>Hose tests</b>		
Proof test	X	X
Burst test	X	N/A
Minimum bend radius test	X	N/A
Change in length test (see 7.2)	X	X
Impulse test	X	N/A
Leakage test (hose assemblies)	X	N/A
Cold flexibility test	X	N/A
Adhesion (cover)	X	N/A
Adhesion (lining)	X	N/A
Fluid resistance test for cover	X	N/A
Fluid resistance test for lining	X	N/A
Ozone resistance test	X	N/A
Visual examination	X	X
X Test shall be carried out.		
N/A Test not applicable.		