

AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

AMS6556

Issued

2013-08

Steel, Bars, Wire, and Forgings 8V - 4Cr - 4W - 3Mo (2.45 - 2.55C) Powder Metallurgy Product Hot Isostatically Pressed

(Composition similar to UNS T11453)

RATIONALE

AMS6556 is a new specification to cover UNS T11453, a high speed steel, in the form of gas-atomized and HIPconsolidated solid bar products, forgings and forging stock.

1. SCOPE

Form 1 1

This specification covers a premium aircraft-quality, high-alloy steel in the form of bars, wire, forgings, and forging stock.

Application

These products have been used typically for critical parts, such as bearings operating under heavy loads and high speeds at moderate temperatures and subject to very rigid inspection standards, but usage is not limited to such applications.

APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

2.1 **SAE Publications**

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

Chemical Check Analysis Limits Corrosion and Heat-Resistant Steels and Alloys, Maraging and Other AMS2248

Highly-Alloyed Steels, and Iron Alloys

AMS2370 Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel Wrought Products and Forging

Stock

AMS2372 Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel Forgings

SAE Technical Standards Board Rules provide that: "This report is published by SAE to advance the state of technical and engineering sciences. The use of this report is entirely voluntary, and its applicability and suitability for any particular use, including any patent infringement arising therefrom, is the sole responsibility of the user."

SAE reviews each technical report at least every five years at which time it may be revised, reaffirmed, stabilized, or cancelled. SAE invites your written comments and suggestions.

Copyright © 2013 SAE International

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of SAE.

TO PLACE A DOCUMENT ORDER: Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) Tel:

+1 724-776-4970 (outside USA) Fax: 724-776-0790

Email: CustomerService@sae.org

http://www.sae.org

SAE values your input. To provide feedback on this Technical Report, please visit http://www.sae.org/technical/standards/AMS6556

SAE WEB ADDRESS:

AMS2806	Identification, Bars, Wire, Mechanical Tubing, and Extrusions, Carbon and Alloy Steels and Corrosion and	
	Heat-Resistant Steels and Alloys	

AMS2808 Identification, Forgings

AS1182 Standard Stock Removal Allowance, Aircraft-Quality and Premium Aircraft-Quality Steel Bars and

Mechanical Tubing

2.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ASTM E 45 Determining the Inclusion Content of Steel

ASTM A 370 Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

ASTM E 350 Chemical Analysis of Carbon Steel, Low-Alloy Steel, Silicon Electrical Steel, Ingot Iron, and Wrought Iron

ASTM E 384 Knoop and Vickers Hardness of Materials

2.3 European Committee for Standardization

Available from British Standards Institution Group, 389 Chiswick High Road, London, W4 4AL, United Kingdom, Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 9001, www.bsigroup.com

Or: Nationial Standards Authority of Ireland, 1 Swift Square, Northwood, Santry, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel: +353 1 807 3800, www.nsai.ie

101. 1000 1 001 0000, <u>www.nodi.no</u>

EN 10228 Steel Cleanliness Non-destructive Testing of Steel Forgings - Part 3: Ultrasonic Testing of Ferritic or

Martensitic Steel

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Composition

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E 350, by spectrochemical methods, or by other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser.

TABLE 1 - COMPOSITION

min	max
2.45	2.55
0.20	0.60
0.40	0.60
	0.030
	0.020
3.75	4.50
	0.50
	1.00
2.80	3.40
3.80	4.40
7.60	8.20
	2.45 0.20 0.40 3.75 2.80 3.80

3.1.1 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the requirements of AMS2248, except that carbon shall be plus or minus 0.04% and vanadium plus or minus 0.10%.

3.2 Melting Practice

Steel shall be produced by inert gas atomization of pre-alloyed melts, with resulting powder consolidated via hot isostatic pressing (HIP). Sintering or the use of binders or fillers to consolidate powder is not permitted. Blending of elemental powders to achieve the required chemical composition is not permitted.

3.3 Condition

The product shall be supplied in the following condition; hardness shall be determined in accordance with ASTM A 370.

- 3.3.1 Bars
- 3.3.1.1 Annealed material shall have hardness not higher than 310 BHN, or equivalent hardness (See 8.2).
- 3.3.1.2 Hot-drawn material shall have hardness not higher than 340 BHN or equivalent hardness (See 8.2).
- 3.3.2 Wire

Hot finished having tensile strength not higher than 177 ksi (1220 MPa) or equivalent hardness (See 8.3).

3.3.3 Forgings

As ordered.

3.3.4 Forging Stock

As ordered by the forging manufacturer.

3.4 Properties

3.4.1 Response to Heat Treatment of Each Lot of Bars, Forgings, Wire and Forging Stock

Specimen or samples cut from larger products with section thickness not exceeding 0.375 inch (9.52 mm) shall have hardness not lower than 64 HRC, or equivalent (See 8.2), after being heat treated in accordance with the following heat treatment: Preheat in two steps at 842 to 932 °F (450 to 500 °C) and at 1562 to 1652 °F (850 to 900 °C), hold for one minute at each temperature, austenitize at 2155 °F (1179 °C), quench down to 100 to 120 °F (38 to 49 °C) or lower in air, temper three times at 1040 °F (560 °C) at least 1 hour at temperature each time, air cool to room temperature 77 °F (25 °C) between tempers.

3.4.2 Micro-Inclusion Rating of Each Heat

No specimen shall exceed the limits of Table 2, determined in accordance with ASTM E 45, Method A.

TABLE 2 - MICRO-INCLUSION RATING

Type	Α	В	С	D
Thin	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Heavy	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

3.4.3 Decarburization

3.4.3.1 Bars and wire ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from decarburization on the ground, turned, or polished surfaces.

- 3.4.3.2 Allowable decarburization of bars, wire, and billets ordered for forging or to specified microstructural requirements shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.
- 3.4.3.3 Decarburization of bars and wire to which 3.4.3.1 or 3.4.3.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than shown in Table 3.

TABLE 3A -MAXIMUM DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, INCH/POUND UNITS

Nominal Diameter or Distance Total Depth Between Parallel Sides Decarburiza	
Inches Inch	
Up to 0.500, incl 0.010	
Over 0.500 to 1.000, incl 0.015	
Over 1.000 to 1.500, incl 0.020	
Over 1.500 to 2.000, incl 0.025	. 0
Over 2.000 to 2.500, incl 0.030	(2)
Over 2.500 to 3.000, incl 0.035	200
Over 3.000 to 4.000, incl 0.045	allis

TABLE 3B -MAXIMUM DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, SI UNITS

Nominal Diame Between Pa Millim	Total Depth of Decarburization Millimeters	
Up to	12.70, incl	0.25
Over 12.70 to	25.40, incl	0.38
Over 25.40 to	38.10, incl	0.51
Over 38.10 to	50.80, incl	0.64
Over 50.80 to	63.50, incl	0.76
Over 63.50 to	76.20, incl	0.89
Over 76.20 to	101.60, incl	1.14

- 3.4.3.4 Decarburization shall be measured by the metallographic method or by a traverse method using microhardness testing in accordance with ASTM E 384. The microhardness method shall be conducted on a hardened but untempered specimen protected during heat treatment to prevent changes in surface carbon content. Depth of decarburization, when measured the microhardness method, is defined as the perpendicular distance from the surface to the depth under that surface where there is no further increase in hardness. Such measurements shall be far enough away from any adjacent surface to be uninfluenced by any decarburization on the adjacent surface. In case of dispute, the depth of decarburization determined using the microhardness traverse method shall govern.
- 3.4.3.4.1 When determining the depth of decarburization, it is permissible to disregard local areas provided the decarburization of such areas does not exceed the above limits by more than 0.005 inch (0.13 mm) and the width is 0.065 inch (1.65 mm) or less.

3.5 Quality

The product, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the product.

3.5.1 Steel shall be premium quality conforming to EN 10228, Quality Class 4 (See 8.6).

- 3.5.2 Bars and wire ordered hot rolled or cold drawn, or ground, turned, or polished shall, after removal of the standard stock removal allowance in accordance with AS1182, be free from seams, laps, tears, and cracks open to the machined, ground, turned, or polished surface.
- Grain flow of die forgings, except in areas that contain flash-line end grain, shall follow the general contour of the 3.5.3 forgings showing no evidence of reentrant grain flow.
- 3.6 **Tolerances**

As agreed between vendor and purchaser.

- QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS
- Responsibility for Inspection

The vendor of the product shall supply all samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for the performance of all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to if of amso ensure that the product conforms to specified requirements.

- 4.2 Classification of Tests
- 4.2.1 Acceptance Tests

Composition (3.1), condition (3.3), hardness (3.3.1), response to heat treatment (3.4.1), micro-inclusion rating (3.4.2), freedom of internal defects (3.5.1) and tolerances (3.6) are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each heat or lot as applicable.

4.2.2 Periodic Tests

Decarburization (3.4.3) and grain flow of die forgings (3.5.3) are periodic tests and shall be performed at a frequency selected by the vendor unless frequency of testing is specified by purchaser.

- Sampling and Testing 4.3
- 4.3.1 Bars, Wire, and Forging Stock

In accordance with AMS2370.

4.3.2 **Forgings**

In accordance with AMS2372

Reports

The vendor of the product shall furnish with each shipment a report showing the following results of tests and relevent information:

4.4.1 The producer of bars, forgings and wire shall furnish with each shipment a report showing the producer name and country where the metal was melted (i.e., final melt in the case of metal processed by multiple melting operations) and the results of tests for composition of each heat, condition, hardness and response to heat treatment of each lot, and stating that the product conforms to the other technical requirements. This report shall include the purchase order number, heat and lot numbers, AMS6556, product form and size (and/or part number, if applicable), and quantity. If forgings are supplied, the size and melt source of stock used to make the forgings shall also be included.